BAL. REHABILITATION REGU., 1950 In the said Rules at the end of rule 3 the full stop shall be deleted to India her and the following words shall be inserted, namely:

In the said Kules at the following words shall be inserted, the following words are shall be inserted, the following words are shall be inserted, the following words are shall be inserted with the foll "and for bona fide Pakistan nations service or other purposes," 15th October 1948 for business, studies, service or other purposes,"

BALUCHISTAN PUNJAB ENTERTAINMENTS DUTY

(Amendment of Rules)

No. A/1/46-Entt.-Exc., 22nd August 1950 (Gazette, 1st September of the powers conferred on him by section 8 of No. A/1/46-Entt.-Exc., 22nd August 1990, 18th September 1950).—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 8 of the powers Duty Act, 1936, as applied to Brise 1950. 1950).—In exercise of the powers contented on the 1950).—In exercise of the powers Duty Act, 1936, as applied to British Baluchistan Entertainments Duty Regulation Managements Duty Regulation Managements Duty Regulation Management Property and Property Baluchistan Punjab Entertainments Duty 11ct, and Deputed to British Baluchistan Entertainments Duty Regulation No. 1 Baluchistan by British Baluchistan is pleased to direct that the follows: Baluchistan by British Baluchistan Entertaining Baluchistan by British Baluchistan by British Baluchistan Entertaining Baluchistan by British Baluchistan by British Baluchistan Entertaining Baluchistan by British Baluchistan Entertaining Baluchistan by British Baluchistan by Br of 1942, the Chief Commissioner is pleased with his Notification amendments shall be made to the rules published with his Notification amendments shall be made to the 12th March 1942, as subsequently amendments shall be made to the rules parameter as subsequently No. A-126 (3079)-Exc., dated the 12th March 1942, as subsequently amended :-

Insert the following as rule 15-A:

Insert the following as the 2-15-A. The Excise Commissioner in Baluchistan may petmit 15-A. The Excise Commissioner of which the entertained 15-A. The Excise Commissioner of which the entertainment a proprietor of any entertainment in respect of which the entertainment a proprietor of any entertainment are pay the amount of the duty due duty is payable under section 3, to pay the amount of the duty due, on Baluchistan, on such conditions as the Excise Commissioner in Baluchistan may prescribe, by means other than those provided in rules 2 to 15. Rules 2 to 15 shall also apply mutatis mutandis in addition to the conditions prescribed by the Excise Commissioner under this rule.

PROVIDENT FUNDS ACT, 1925

(Amendment of Schedule)

No. 4185-RI/50, 29th August 1950 (Gazette, 15th September 1950). In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 8 of the Provident Funds Act, 1925 (XIX of 1925), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following entry shall be inserted after the existing entries in the Schedule to the said Act, namely:-

"the National Bank of Pakistan".

REGULATION I OF 1950

BALUCHISTAN (ADMINISTRATION OF EVACUEE PROPERTY) REGULATION, 1950

A Regulation to provide for the administration of evacuee property in Baluchistan

No. D. 2745-B/50, 10th June 1950, (Gazette, 14th June 1950).-In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 95 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor-General is pleased to make and promulgate the following Regulations:-

Whereas it is expedient to provide for the administration of evacuee property in Baluchistan;

It is hereby enacted as follows :-

1. Short title, extent and commencement.—(1) This Regulation may be called the Baluchistan (Administration of Evacuee Property) Regulation 1050

(2) It extends to the whole of Baluchistan.

VOL. II-1950] CENTRAL ACTS AND NOTIFICATIONS

(3) It shall be deemed to have come into force on the fifteenth day of October, 1949. 2. Definitions.—In this Regulation, unless there is anything repugn-

ant in the subject or context,-

(1) "Custodian" means a Custodian of Evacuee Property appointed (1) Custodian means a Custodian of Evacuee Property appointed ander section 5, and includes an Additional, Deputy or Assistant Custodian :

(2) "evacuee" means any person who-

(i) on account of the setting up of the Dominions of Pakistan and (1) on account of civil disturbances or the fear of such disturbances, for the first day of march 1947 learners of such disturbances, India, or of the first day of march, 1947, leaves or has left any place in on or affect of the comprising Pakistan for any place in the tritories or territories ; or

(ii) acquires or has acquired, on or after the aforesaid date, in any manner whatsoever, any right to or interest in or benefit from any property which is treated as evacuee property under any law for the

property under any law time being in force in India, or in any area occupied by India, or

(iii) is resident in any place in the territories now comprising India or in any area occupied by India and who for that reason is unable to in any area or manage in person his property in Pakistan or whose property in Pakistan has, whether wholly or partially, ceased to be occupied, supervised or managed by any person, or is being or managed by an unauthorised person :

(3) "evacuee property" means any property in which an evacuee has any right or interest, or which is held by or for him in trust. and

includes-

(a) any right or interest in joint Hindu family property which would

accrue to the evacuee upon the partition of the same : or (b) property obtained from an evacuee after the twentyeighth day of February, 1947, until confirmed by the Custodian.

but does not include-

(i) any movable property in the immediate physical possession of any evacuee: or

(ii) any property belonging to a joint stock company the head office of which was situated, before the fifteenth day of August, 1947, in any place in the territories now comprising India, and continues to be so situated after the said date;

(4) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this

Regulation ;

(5) "property" means property of any kind, and includes any right or interest in such property and any debt or actionable claim, but does

not include a mere right to sue or a cash deposit in a bank;

(6) "refugee" means a person who, having been ordinarily resident in any place in the territories now comprising India, or in any areas Occupied by India, has, on account of the setting up of the Dominions of Pakistan and India, or on account of civil disturbances or the fear of such disturbances, taken refuge in Pakistan;

(7) "registering officer" means a Registrar or Sub-Registrar appointed under section 6 of the Registration Act, 1908 (XVI of 1908), or any other officer discharging for the time being the functions of such Regist-

tar or Sub-Registrar; (8) "Rehabilitation Authority" means any Rehabilitation Board,

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Rehabilitation Commissioner, or August and Paluchistan Rehabilitation Commissioner, appointed under the Baluchistan Rehabilitation Commissioner, appointed under any law for the commissioner appointed under any law for the commissioner appointed under any law for the commissioner. Rehabilitation Commissioner, appointed, under any law for tion Regulation, or any other officer appointed under any law for the rehabilitation of refugees or social the tion Regulation, or any other omcer appearance time being in force relating to the rehabilitation of refugees or social and

(9) "unauthorised person" means any person (whether empowered in this behalf by the evacuee or otherwise) who, after the twentyeight in this behalf by the evacuee or otherwise, supervising or managing in managing in the company of in this behalf by the evacuee of other was supervising or managing any of February, 1947, has been occupying, supervising or managing any evacuee property without the approval of the Custodian.

Final determination of evacuee status.—If any question atises 3. Final aetermination of whether a person is an evacuee or not, the Custodian may refer the ques. tion to the Central Government, whose decision shall be final

4. Regulation to override other laws.—The provisions of this Regulation, and any rule or order made thereunder, shall have effect notwith. standing anything inconsistent herewith contained in any other law for the time being in force, or in any instrument having effect by virtue of any such law.

CHAPTER II

APPOINTMENT OF CUSTODIANS AND VESTING AND Possession of Evacuee Property

Appointment of Custodians. For the purpose of carrying this Regulation into effect, the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint one or more Custodians of Evacuee Property for such area as may be specified in the notification.

6. Vesting of evacuee property in Custodian.—(1) All evacuee property shall vest and shall be deemed always to have vested in the Custodian with effect from the first day of March, 1947.

(2) Where any property in Pakistan belonging to a joint stock company has vested in any person exercising the powers of a Custodian under any law in force immediately before the commencement of this Regulation, nothing contained in clause (3) of section 2 shall affect the operation of subsection (1), but the Central Government may by notification in the Official Gazette direct that the Custodian shall be divested of any such property in such manner and after such period as may be specified in the notification.

7. Holding of evacuee property and its surrender.—(1) Every person who is, or has at any time after the twentyeighth day of February, 1947, been in possession, supervision or management of any evacuee property, shall be deemed to hold or to have held, as the case may be, such property on behalf of the Custodian.

(2) Every person who is in possession, supervision or management of any evacuee property or property which he knows or has reason to believe is evacuee property, shall, as soon as may be, but not latter than sixty days from the commencement of this Regulation, intimate to the Custodian in writing his militimate to the Custodian in writing his willingness to surrender such property to the Custodian or to any person authorised by the Custodian in this behalf upon receipt of a notice from the Custodian in this behalf upon receipt of a notice from the Custodian that the property is evacuee property and shall surround the Custodian that the property is evacuee property, and shall surrender the same if called upon by the Custodian or any person authorised as aforesaid.

(3) The provisions of subsection (2) shall not apply to any person is in possession supervision (2) shall not apply to any person who is in possession, supervision or management of any evacuee property by virtue of an allotment made by a Rehabilitation Authority.

Submission of information and accounts to Custodian.—As soon as 8. Substitute and accounts to Custodian.—As soon as may be but not later than sixty days from the commencement of this pay be but not action that y ways from the commencement of this Regulation every person who is, or has at any time after the twenty-eighth Regulation every, 1947, been in possession, supervision or management of day of avacuee property or property which he knows at any time after the twenty-eighth any evacuee property, shall submit to the Custod: any evacuee property, shall submit to the Custodian, or to any person

(a) full information to such property including the date since when or the period for which, he has been in possession, supervision or manage-

(b) a detailed account of the rents, profits, income and other moneys received or benefits derived from such property since the first day of March, 1947, or for the period he has been in possession, supervision or

Power of Custodian to take possession of evacuee property.—If any person who is in possession, supervision or management of any evacuee property does not surrender such property to the Custodian or the person authorised by him in this behalf as required by subsection (2) of person addition of person as required by subsection (2) or section 7, then, without prejudice to any other action or penalty which such person may otherwise be liable, the Custodian may use such force as is necessary for taking possession of such property and may for this purpose, after giving reasonable warning and facility to any woman not appearing in public to withdraw, remove or break open any lock, bolt or door, or do any other act necessary for the said purpose.

10. Power of Custodian to manage property part of which is evacuee property.—(1) Where any property is held by or on behalf of persons one or more of whom are, and one or more of whom are not, evacuees, then if the greater part of such property, reckoned according to the value of the whole, is held by or on behalf of those of such persons who are evacuees, the Custodian may take possession and assume control and

management of the whole of such property.

(2) Where such property is joint Hindu family property the Custodian shall deem the property to have been partitioned into notional shares, and if the notional shares held by or on behalf of those members of the family who are evacuees constitute the greater part of such property, reckoned according to the value of the whole, the Custodian may take possession and assume control and management of the whole of such property .

Payment to Custodian.—(1) Any amount due to any evacuee, or payable in respect of any evacuee propetry, shall be paid to the Custodian by the person liable to pay the same.

(2) Any person who makes a payment under subsection (1) shall be discharged from further liability to pay to the extent of the payment

(3) Without prejudice to any penalty to which he may be liable under section 29, any person who makes or has made any payment other-Wise than in accordance with subsection (1) or any law for the time being in force requiring payment of any such amount as is mentioned in subsection (1) to be made to the Custodian shall not be discharged from his oklihis obligation to pay the amount due, and the right of the Custodian to enforce the custodian to pay the amount due, and the right of the Custodian to enforce such obligation against such person shall remain unaffected.

12. Exemption from legal process.—(1) Property which has vested in, which possession has been taken by, the Custodian shall be exempt distress ejectment attachment tom all legal process, including seizure, distress, ejectment, attachment

or sale by any officer of a Court, and no injunction or other whatever kind in respect of such property shall be granted or made of this Regulation and

Court.
(2) Upon the commencement of this Regulation, any such least the commencement of this Regulation, and such least the commencement of this Regulation, and such least the commencement of this Regulation, and such least the commencement of the commencement of this Regulation, and such least the commencement of the commenceme any Court.

(2) Upon the commencement or this Acquiation, any such lead process as aforesaid subsisting immediately before such commencement or this Acquiation, any such lead process to have effect, and all evacuee property in custody the court of the process as aforesaid subsisting immediately performs such commences shall cease to have effect, and all evacuee property in custody of shall cease to have effect, and all evacuee property in custody of shall cease to have effect, and all evacuee property in custody of shall cease to have the commences of the shall cease to have effect, and all evacuee property in custody of the shall cease to have effect, and all evacuee property in custody of the shall cease to have effect, and all evacuee property in custody of the shall cease to have effect, and all evacuee property in custody of the shall cease to have effect, and all evacuee property in custody of the shall cease to have effect, and all evacuee property in custody of the shall cease to have effect, and all evacuee property in custody of the shall cease to have effect the shall cease the sh Shall cease to have effect, and an evacue property in custody of the Court or Receiver, guardian or other officer or person appointed by the Custodian Court or Receiver, guardian or other officer by the Custodian, be the Custodian.

vered to the Custodian.

13. Publication of lists of evacuee property.—The Custodian has a constant of evacuee property.—The custodian has been property.—The custodi 13. Publication of lists of evacuee property. The Custodian may publish by notification in the official Gazette a list of evacuee property

ALLOTMENT OF EVACUEE PROPERTY

Allotment of evacuee property for rehabilitation. (1) A Rehabi. litation Authority may, for the purposes of the state of the control of refugees or social or economic rehabilitation in Baluchistan allot any evacuee

(2) Every allotment of evacuee property, made for the purposes aforesaid between the first day of March, 1947, and the commencement of this Regulation, shall be deemed to have been made under subsection (1).

(3) Where any evacuee property has been allotted under this section the Rehabilitation Authority making the allotment shall, as soon as may be, furnish to the Custodian such description of the property allotted and such particulars of the person to whom it has been allotted as may be

(4) The terms and conditions on which evacuee property, whether allotted before or after the commencement of this Regulation, may be held shall be determined by the Custodian and the Custodian may revise or amend such terms or conditions.

(5) Every person to whom evacuee property has been allotted shall be deemed to hold the property on the terms and conditions mentioned in

(6) If any person fails to comply with the aforesaid terms and conditions the Custodian may take possession of the property.

CHAPTER IV

TRANSFER AND RESTORATION OF EVACUEE PROPERTY

Prohibition of transfers of property generally.—The Central Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, declare that in such area and for such period as may be specified in the notification the transfer of any property or class of property, or the creation of any right or interest therein or encumbrance thereon, should be prohibited, and where any such design the state of the and where any such declaration has been made, no such transfer of creation shall be made during the period in the area, except with the previous approval in writing of the Custodian:

Provided that nothing in this section shall prevent the transfer of rable property of which movable property of which an evacuee has immediate physical

16. Restriction on transfer by evacuees.—(1) No creation or transfer by right or interest in 0.5 and in of any right or interest in or encumbrance upon any property made in any manner whatever by an even of the property made in the propert any manner whatever by an evacuee or by any person in anticipation of his becoming an evacuee or or hand of the becoming an evacuee or or hand of the becoming an evacuee or or hand of the best of th his becoming an evacuee or on behalf of the evacuee or such person or after the first day of march 1042 or after the first day of march, 1947, shall be effective so as to confer any right or remedy on any party that right or remedy on any party thereto or on any person claiming under

any such party, unless such creation or transfer is confirmed by the

Custodian.

(2) An application for confirmation of such creation of a right or encumbrance or transfer as aforesaid may be made to the Custodian encumbrance rescribed period by any party thereto, or by any person within the product by any party thereto, or by any person claiming under or lawfully authorised by such party.

(3) The Custodian shall hold a summary inquiry into the application

in the prescribed manner, and-

(a) shall reject the application if the creation or transfer-

(i) was or is prohibited under any law for the time being in force; or

(ii) was not or is not covered by a certificate from the prescribed income-tax authority to the effect that no objection existed or exists to such creation or transfer:

(b) may reject the application if he is of opinion that the creation or

transfer-

(i) was not or has not been entered into in good faith or for adequate consideration: or

(ii) ought for any other reason not to be confirmed.

(4) If the application is not rejected under subsection (3), the Custodian may confirm the creation or transfer either unconditionally or subject to such terms and conditions as he thinks fit to impose.

17. Registration of documents.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Registration Act, 1908 (XVI of 1908), or in any other enactment for the time being in force, no registering officer shall register or accept for registration any document relating to any immovable evacuee property unless a certificate by the Custodian permitting registration is produced, and such certificate may contain such conditions as the Custodian may see fit to impose and shall have effect subject to those condition.

(2) If any question arises whether any document presented for registration relates to immovable evacuee property or not, the registering Officer shall direct the parties thereto to apply to the Custodian for a certificate that the document does not relate to any immovable evacuee property, and the registering officer shall not accept for registration or

register such document without such certificate.

18. Claims by interested persons.—(1) Any person claiming any right or interest in any property treated by the Custodian or a Rehabilitation Authority as evacuee property may prefer a claim to the Custodian on the ground that-

(a) the property is not evacuee propety; or (b) his interest in the property has not been affected by

provisions of this Regulation.

(2) An application under subsection (1) shall be made within the prescribed period being a period of not less than thrity days from the

prescribed date. (3) On receiving an application under subsection (2), the Custodian shall hold a summary inquiry in the prescribed manner, and after taking such and a summary inquiry in the prescribed manner, and after taking such evidence as may be produced shall pass an order, stating the reasons therefore

therefore, rejecting the application or allowing it wholly or in part on such terms and conditions as he thinks fit to impose.

Restoration of evacuee property.—(1) Subject to the provisions of subsections (2) and (3), the Custodian may, on application made to him in the custodian may application may applicati him in this behalf by an evacuee or any person claiming to be the heir

or survivor of an evacuee and producing in support of his application that the evacuee property may thought [P. L.D. or survivor of an evacuee and producing in support of his application certificate from the Central Government or from any person authorise hehalf to the effect that the evacuee property may be restored is otherwise entirely be restored. or survivor of an extended control Government of from the Central Government of from the Central Government of from the person authorized by it in this behalf to the effect that the evacuee property may be the by it in this behalf to the effect that the evacuee property may be the by it in this behalf to the effect that the evacuee property may be the person is otherwise entitled the think fit to the effect that the evacuee property may be the person is otherwise entitled the think fit to the effect that the evacuee property may be the person is otherwise entitled the person is otherwise entitled the person is otherwise. by it in this behalf to the effect that the evacuee property may be writed by it in this behalf to the effect that the evacuee property may be writed ed if the evacuee or such other person is otherwise entitled therefore each terms and conditions as he may think fit to impose the impose the person in the person is otherwise entitled the person is otherwise. by it in this beautiful the evacuee or such other person as he may think fit to impose the evacuee or such person claiming the evacue or such person claiming the evacue of the evacue o restore, on such terms and conditions as he may think ut to impose evacuee property to which the evacuee or such person claiming a aforesaid would have been entitled in this Regulation were not in force application under subsection (1). the conditions as the may think ut to impose the evacuee property to which the evacuee or such person claiming a application under subsection (1). the conditions as the may think ut to impose the evacuee property to which the evacuee or such person claiming a subsection which the evacuee or such person claiming a subsection which the evacuee or such person claiming a subsection (1). The conditions as the may think ut to impose the evacuee or such person claiming a subsection (1). The conditions are the evacuee or such person claiming a subsection (1).

(2) On receipt of an application under subsection (1), the Custodian notice thereof to be given in the prescribed manner. (2) On receipt of an application under such the prescribed manner shall cause public notice thereof to be given in the prescribed manner inquiry into the application in such manner manner. shall cause public notice thereof to be shall cause public notice thereof the shall cause public notice the shall cause public not

(a) make an order restoring the property to the applicant; or

(a) make an order restoring the property or the determination of his claim and title to the property; or

(c) reject the application:

Provided that no order for restoration shall be made under the section, unless provision has been made in the prescribed manner for the custodian in respect of the prescribed to the custodian in respect of the prescribed manner for the custodian in the cu section, unless provision has been made to the Custodian in respect of the property

(3) Upon the restoration of the property to the evacuee or sud other person as aforesaid, the Custodian shall stand absolved of all responsibilities in respect of the property so restored, but such restorations of the property of the restoration of the property tion shall not prejudice the right, if any, in respect of the property which any other person may be entitled to enforce against the person to whom the property has been so restored:

Provided that every allotment made by a Rehabilitation Authority shall have effect against the person to whom restoration is made until such allotment is duly cancelled or determined by the Rehabilitation Authority.

(4) The Custodian shall, on application made to him in this behalf furnish to the person to whom restoration is made under this section, a statement containing an abstract of the account of the income received and expenditure incurred in respect of the property restored.

CHAPTER V

POWERS AND DUTIES OF CUSTODIANS

20. Powers and duties of the Custodian generally. - (1) The Custodian may take such measures as he considers necessary or expedient for the purposes of administering, preserving and managing any evacuee property which has vested in him and may, for and such purpose as aforesaid, do all acts and incur all expenses necessary or incidental thereto.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the provisions contained in subsection (1), the Custodian may, for any of the purposes afore-

(a) carry on the business or undertaking of the evacuee; (b) appoint a manager for the property of the evacuee; ing on any business or undertaking of the evacuee or for carry manager to exercise any of the appoint a manager to exercise any of the evacuee and authorise the manager to exercise any of the powers of the Custodian under this

premises to inspect any oversease other person to enter on any land of

premises to inspect any evacuee property; (d) take all such measures as may be necessary to keep any evacuée perty in good renair. property in good repair ;

(e) complete any building which, requires to be completed and make additions to any existing building;

(f) replace or instal machinery in any factory;

(g) direct any person to furnish such returns, accounts or other information in relation to any evacuee property and to produce such information as the Custodian considers necessary for the discharge of his document duries under this Regulation;

(h) take such action as may be necessary for the recovery of any

debt due to the evacuee;

(i) institute, defend or continue any legal proceeding in any Civil Revenue Court on behalf of the evacuee or refer any dispute between or Revenue and any other person to arbitration or compromise any the evacute ; debts or liabilities on behalf of the evacuee;

(i) raise on the security of the evacuee property such loans as may

he necessary :

(k) incur, in the prescribed manner, any expenditure including the payment or taxes, duties, cases and rates to the Government or to and local authority or of any sums due to any employee of the evacuee or of any debt due by the evacuee to any person:

(1) pay any sum to the evacuee or to such members of his family or to such other person as in the opinion of the Custodian if entitled

thereto:

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(m) sell any evacuee property, notwithstanding anything contained in any law or agreement to the contrary relating thereto:

Provided that the Custodian shall not under this clause or the next succeeding clause sell any immovable evacuee property, or any business as undertaking which is evacuee property, except with the previous approval of the Central Government;

(n) demolish or dismantle any evacuee property which in the opinion of the Custodian cannot be repaired, or sell the site of such

property and the materials thereof;

(o) permit a Rehabilitation Authority to partition land, or rights in land if a share in such land or rights consists of evacuee property;

(p) make payments, out of moneys held by him, for the maintenance

of refugees from prescribed areas in the prescribed manner;

(q) invest in any security approved by the Central Government or in the prescribed manner any money held by him;

(r) delegate, by general or special order, all or any of his functions under this Regulation to such officer or person as he thinks fit. 21. Expenditure by Custodian how to be recouped.—Subject to the

provisions of section 38 of this Regulation, and of section 20 of the Baluchistan Rehabilitation Regulation 1950 (II of 1950), any expenditure incurred by the Custodian in the exercise of any power conferred by this Regulation shall, in relation to any avacuee property in respect of which it has been incurred, be a charge on such property and shall have priority over all other charges on the property and such expenditure may be met or recouped by the Custodian out of the income accruing from such property or the sale proceeds thereof.

22. Maintenance of accounts by Custodian.—(1) The Custodian shall maintain a separate account of the property of each evacuee of which he has taken possession, and shall cause to be made therein entries

of all receipts and expenditure in respect thereof.

(2) The account shall be maintained in such form and in such Central Government may direct. ner as the Central Government shall cause the account to be inspected.

(3) The Central Government shall cause the account to be inspected intervals and by such persons as may be prescribed. manner as the Central Government may direct.

(3) The Central Government such persons as may be inspected and audited at such intervals and by such persons as may be prescribed and audited at such intervals and by such persons as may be prescribed when holding inquiry.—(1) When have audited at such intervals and by audited at such and by audi 23. Powers of Custodian when holding an inquiry under this Ordinance, the Custodian shall have the same vested in a Court under the Code of Civil Procedure. an inquiry under this Ordinance, the Code of Civil Procedure powers as are vested in a Court under the Code of Civil Procedure of 1908) when trying a suit, in respect of the following man powers as are vested in a Court under 1908 (V of 1908) when trying a suit, in respect of the following matters ely:—
(a) enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on

oath or affirmation:

or affirmation;
(b) compelling the discovery and production of documents, articles and things: (c) issuing a commission for the examination of witness;

(d) any prescribed matter.

(d) any prescribed matter.

(2) Every proceeding before the Custodian under this Regulation the matter than the matter. (2) Every proceeding before the shall be deemed to be a judicial proceeding within the meaning of shall be deemed to be a judicial proceeding within the meaning of shall be deemed to be a judicial proceeding within the meaning of shall be deemed to be a judicial proceeding within the meaning of shall be deemed to be a judicial proceeding within the meaning of the proceeding within the meaning shall be deemed to be a junious property of section 196 of the Pakistan sections 193 and 228 and for the purposes of section 196 of the Pakistan Penal Code (XLV of 1860), and the Custodian shall be deemed to be Court within the meaning of sections 480 and 482 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898).

CHAPTER VI

OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

24. Causing damage to evacuee property. - Any person who wilfully causes damage or allows damage to be caused to any evacuee property or unlawfully converts it to his own use shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or

Concealment of evacuee property etc. Any person who with intent to evade the provisions of this Regulation, conceals, destroys, mutilates or defaces any property, book or other document, or knowingly allows such concealment, destruction, mutilation or defacement to be caused, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.

False statement or declaration.—Any person who—

(a) for the purpose of obtaining an allotment or transfer of any evacuee property, makes a statement or declaration which is false or which he either knows or has reason to believe to be false or does not

(b) furnishes any return, account or information which is material to any of the purposes of this Regulation and which is false or which he either knows or has reason to believe to be false or does not believe to

shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.

27. Failure to surrender property or submit information and unt to Custodian It can be property or submit information and account to Custodian. If any person fails to intimate his willingness to surrender, or when called upon to surrender fails to surrender any evacuee property in accordance to surrender fails to surrender (2) evacuee property in accordance with the provisions of subsection (2) of section 7 or to submit such in the provisions of subsection (2) of section 7 or to submit such information or account as is required under section 8, he shall be provided that the provisions of subsection as is required under section 8, he shall be provided that the provisions of subsection as is required to the section 8. under section 8, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one would be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with fine or with both.

28. Failure to comply with direction, etc.—If any person fails to ply with a direction issued by the direction, etc.—If any person fails to nowers comply with a direction issued by the Custodian in exercise of powers

conferred by clause (g) of subsection (2) of section 20, or refuses to conference conference to any land or permises in accordance with the provisions of alow (c) thereof he shall be punishable with the provisions of clause (c) thereof he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term clause with imprisonm which may extend to six months or with fine or with both.

which has 29. Offences not expressly provided for.—Save as provided in sections 24 to 28, whoever contravenes any of the provisions of this materials or of any rule or order made the provisions of this seculation or of any rule or order made thereunder or obstructs the Regulation and thereunder or obstructs the lawful exercise of any power conferred thereby shall be punishable with lawful executionment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine or with both.

30. Attempt and abetment.—Whoever attempts to commit, or abets, tempts to abet, or does any act preparatory to the commission of or attempt of ence punishable under this Regulation shall be deemed to have committed that offence.

31. Offences to be cognizable.—Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898), all offences punishin the able under this Regulation shall be cognizable but bailable.

32. Cognizance of offences by Courts.-No Court shall take cognizance of any offence punishable under this Regulation except on a report writing of the facts constituting such offence, made with the previous sanction of the prescribed Custodian.

33. Offences may be tried summarily.—Any Magistrate or Bench of Magistrates empowered for the time being to try in a summary way the offences specified in subsection (1) of section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898), may, if such Magistrate or Bench of Magistrates thinks, on application in this behalf being made by the prosecution, try an offence punishable under this Regulation in accordance with the provisions cantained in sections 262 to 265 of the said Code.

CHAPTER VII

SUPPLEMENTARY AND PROCEDURAL

34. Jurisdiction of Court barred.—(1) Save as expressly provided in this Regulation, no Civil or Revenue Court shall have jurisdiction -

(a) to entertain or adjudicate upon any question arising in any suit, appeal, application or other proceedings as to whether any property is or is not evacuee property, or whether an evacuee has not any right or interest in any such property; or

(b) to question the legality of anything done under this Regulation

by or at the instance of the Custodian; or

(c) in respect of any matter which the Custodian is empowered by

or under this Regulation to determine.

(2) Whenever any question such as is referred to in clause (a) of Subsection (1) arises in any Civil or Revenue Court, the Court shall state the question with relevant particulars and remit it to the Custodian for decision, and shall adjourn the proceedings in which the question arises until the decision of the Custodian is given, and the decision of the Custodian on the question stated shall be conclusive.

(3) No decision of any Court on any question such as it referred to in clause (a) of subsection (1), given between the fourteenth day of August, 1947, and the commencement of this Regulation, shall be binding on the Custodian, or effect any right or interest of any evacuee in any

property affected by such decision.

(4) No Court shall be competent to grant an injunction or other

order in relation to any proceeding before the Coustodian under the constant of anything done or intended to be done by or at the instant order in relation to any proceeding better or at the instance or at th of the Custodian under this Regulation.

(5) No Court shall be competent to grant relief against extinguish. (5) No Court shall be competent to grant relating to any immovable ment, forfeiture or penalty to a person whose right to any immovable ment, for feiture or penalty to a person whose right to any immovable ment, for feiture or penalty or grant relating to a person with the competent or grant relating to the competent of grant relating to the competent relating to the competent relating to the compe ment, forfeiture or penalty to a person under the move of the ment, forfeiture or penalty to a person under the move of the move of the ment of the me ment, fortesters property is or has been extinguished of the state of the such property is or has been extinguished or grant relating to such property terms and conditions of any agreement or forfeiture of such property that the state of the extinguishment or forfeiture of such light, property to such property terms and conditions of any agreement or forfeiture of such property and who at the time of the extinguishment or forfeiture of such right in

who at the control of 35. Presumption as to orders of Custodian under this Regulation shall be been made or signed by the Custodian until be to be made or signed by the Custodian shall be presumed to have been made or signed by the Custodian until the

36. Appeal, revision and review.—(1) Any person aggrieved by a not section 18 or section 19 passed by a not section 19 passed by 36. Appeal, revision and revision 18, or section 19 passed by a Deputy final order under section 16, section 18, or section 19 passed by a Deputy or Assistant Custodian may prefer an appeal to the Custodian

(2) The appeal shall be presented in such manner and within such

time as may be prescribed.

(3) The Custodian to whom an appeal is preferred under subsec. tion (1), may dispose of it himself, or make it over for disposal to a

Additional Custodian.

Additional Custodian.

(4) The Custodian may, at any time, either of his own motion or on application made to him within the prescribed period in this behalf, call for the record or any proceeding for the administration of evacue property, which is pending before, or has been disposed of by, an officer subordinate to him, including an Additional Custodian, for the purpose of satisfying himself as to the legality or propriety of any order passed in the said proceeding, and may pass such order in relation thereto as he thinks fit :

Provided that the Custodian shall not under this subsection pass an order revising or modifying any order affecting any person without giving such person and the Rehabilitation Authority an opportunity of

(5) The Custodian or Additional Custodian may, within the prescribed period and after giving notice to the parties concerned and the Rehabilitation Authority, review his own order.

(6) Subject to the foregoing provisions of this section, any order made by the Custodian, or Additional, Deputy or Assistant Custodian

shall be final and shall not be called in question in any Court.

37. Appearance by counsel or agent.—(1) Any person who is entitled or required to attend before a Custodian in connection with any proceeding under this Regulation, otherwise than when called upon to attend personally for exemination on oath or affirmation, may attend and be represented by connsel or by duly authorised agent, and any petition, application or managed agent, and any petition, application or managed agent. application, or memorandum in appeal, review or revision, or otherwise, may be presented by counsel or such agent.

(2) In this section, "counsel" means an Advocate or Pleader or any

person entitled or allowed to plead in any Civil Court.

CHAPTER VIII

38. Fees payable to the Custodian.—(1) The Central Government prescribe the fees payable to the Custodian. MISCELLANEOUS may prescribe the fees payable to the Custodian.—(1) The Central Government evacuee property. evacuee property.

- (2) Such fees shall be payable out of the income of sale proceeds of such property and shall, notwithstanding in any other law for the time being in force, be a first charged on the property.
- 39. Recovery of arrears.—Any sum due in respect of any property treated as evacuee property or the sale proceeds of any such property may be recovered by the Custodian as arrears of land revenue.
- 40. Receipts to be given.—A receipt shall be given for any money paid or recovered under this Regulation.
- 41. Certain persons to be public servants.—The Custodian and every other person duly appointed or authorised to discharge any functions under this Regulation or the rules or orders made thereunder, shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of section 21 of the Pakistan Penal Code (XLV of 1860).
- 42. Records to be public documents.—All records prepared of registers maintained under this Regulation or the rules or orders made thereunder, shall be deemed to be public documents within the meaning of the Evidence Act, 1872 (I of 1872), and shall be presumed to be genuine until the contrary is proved.
- 43. Protection of action taken in good faith.—No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against the Central or Provincial Government, or against the Custodian or Rehabilitation authority, or any person authorised by either of them, for anything done or in good faith intended to be done in pursuance of this Regulation or of any rules or orders made thereunder, or for any damage caused or likely to be caused by any such thing as aforesaid.
- 44. Acts done not affected by death of evacuee, etc.—Anything done or purporting to have been done in pursuance of the provisions of this Regulation shall not be affected or invalidated by reason only that at any material time some person believed to be an evacuee was not or had ceased to be an evacuee, or had died.
- 45. Power to exempt.—The Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, exempt any person or class of persons, or any property or class or property, from the operation of all or any of the provisions of this Regulation.

46. Power to make rules.—(1) The Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make such rules as appeal to it to be

necessary for carrying out the purposes of this Regulation.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the fore-going power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—

(a) the terms and conditions of service of the Custodian and other officers appointed under this Regulation, and the furnishing of security by them;

(b) the work to be performed by the Custodian and the Additional,

Deputy and Assistant Custodian;

(c) the manner in which possession of any evacuee property may be taken by the Custodian;

(d) the manner in which inquiries under this Regulation may be

held;
(e) the description of the property allotted and particulars of the allottee which the Rehabilitation Authority shall furnish to the Custodian;

(f) the time within which applications for confirmation under section 16 or preferring claims under section 18 may be made;

(g) the income-tax authority who may issue non-objection certific continuous in the continuous cont cates under section 16:

s under section 16;

(h) the nature of cases and the circumstances in which, and the circumstances in which is circumstances in which is circumstances in the circumstances (h) the nature of cases and the circumstances in which and the conditions subject to which, certificates for restoration of property under the conditions subject to which certificates for restoration of property under the conditions subject to which certificates for restoration of property under the conditions of the conditions are conditions and the circumstances in which can be conditioned in the conditions of the conditions and the circumstances in which can be conditioned in the circumstances in the circumstance in the litions subject to ward in the circumstances in which the Custodia the nature of cases and the circumstances in which the Custodia the conditions subject to ward the circumstances in which the Custodia the conditions subject to the circumstance in c

may refer an applicant under section 19 to a Civil Court:

refer an applicant under section 19 to a conditions subject to which and the conditions subject to which are sell any immovable evacuee property; Custodian may sell any immovable tymes at which accounts may be the persons by whom and the times at which accounts may be the Custodian may sell any immovable evacuee property:

ected and audited;
(1) the powers vested in a Civil Court which may be exercised (1) the powers vested in a Civil Court which may be exercised (1) the powers vested in a Civil Court which may be exercised (1) the powers vested in a Civil Court which may be exercised (1) the powers vested in a Civil Court which may be exercised (1) the powers vested in a Civil Court which may be exercised (1) the powers vested in a Civil Court which may be exercised (1) the powers vested in a Civil Court which may be exercised (1) the powers vested in a Civil Court which may be exercised (1) the powers vested in a Civil Court which may be exercised (1) the powers vested in a Civil Court which may be exercised (1) the powers vested in a Civil Court which may be exercised (1) the powers vested in a Civil Court which may be exercised (1) the powers vested in a Civil Court which may be exercised (1) the powers vested in a Civil Court which may be exercised (1) the powers vested (1) the power v inspected and audited;

the Custodian when holding any inquiry under this Regulation: Custodian when holding any inquity time within which, appeals of the manner in which, and the time within which, appeals of the manner in which, and review shall be preferred under sent (m) the manner in which, and shall be preferred under section; applications for revision and review shall be preferred under section; and the fees payable in respect thereof; the fees payable in respect the custodian for the administration (n) the fees payable to the Custodian for the administration (

evacuee property;

(o) the manner in which any notice under this Regulation shall be issued, served or pubished; ed, served or pubished;
(p) the delegation of powers and functions of the Custodian to the

Additional, Deputy or Assistant Custodian.

(q) any other matter to be prescribed under this Regulation.

47. Delegation of power. - The Central Government may, by general or special order notified in the Official Gazette, direct that the power exercisable by it under this Regulation shall be exercised by such officer and in such circumstances and under such conditions if any, as may be specified in the order.

48. Repeal and savings.—(1) The Baluchistan (Protection of Evacuees Property) Regulation, 1948 (I of 1948), is hereby repealed:

Provided that every thing done, action taken, obligation, liability penalty or punishment incurred, inquiry or proceeding commenced officer appointed or person authorised, jurisdiction or power confernal rule made and order issued under any of the provisions of the sail Regulation, shall be continued, and, so far as may be, be deemed in have been respectively done, taken, incurred, commenced, appointed authorised conferred, made or issued under this Regulation, and an enactment, or document referring to any of the said provisions shall, at the control of the said provisions shall, at the control of the said provisions shall, at the control of the said provisions shall, at far as may be, be construed to refer to this Regulation or to the contiponding provision thereof.

(2) Any provision of any law in force in any area immediately before the commencement of the aforesaid Regulation and corresponding to any provision of that Regulation, shall, as far as may be, be deemed to be a provision of the same of to be a provision of the said Regulation, and the proviso to subsection (1) shall where the said Regulation, and the proviso to subsection (1) shall where the said Regulation is subsection. tion (1) shall, wherever necessary, be construed accordingly.

REGULATION II OF 1950

BALUCHISTAN (REHABILITATION) REGULATION, 1950

A Regulation to provide for the restoration and maintenance of the social and economic life of Baluchistan and the orderly settlement of persons who have taken refuge therein

Whereas it is expedient to make provision for the restoration and